

Guide for Preparation of Extended Abstracts and Short Papers for the Annual CEW Proceedings

Abstracts, extended abstracts and short papers will be published in the annual proceedings of the Canadian Ecotoxicity Workshop. It is expected that these proceedings will be published in the *Canadian Technical Report of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* series and will be formatted as such. These manuscripts are **not** peer reviewed.

Only abstracts, extended abstracts and short papers of presentations that are accepted and presented at CEW will be included in the proceedings. If you do not choose to submit abstract revisions, an extended abstract or short paper, the abstract you submitted prior to CEW will be published in the proceedings.

The deadline to submit abstract revisions, extended abstracts or short papers is **October 31, 2016**. Submission information will be posted on the CEW website in October.

- Submissions should be prepared in Microsoft Word (.doc or .docx) and feature 12 pt Arial or Times New Roman font.
- Affiliation information (i.e., organization, city and province/state) should be provided for each co-author.
- Units should be reported as $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$, $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}$, $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$, $\text{mg}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}$, not ppb or ppm. μM or mM are also acceptable.
- Genus and species names should be italicized, not underlined, and need only be written in full the first time it is used in the document.
- Extended abstracts should not exceed 4 double-spaced pages.
- Short papers should not exceed 14 double-spaced pages including tables, figures and references.
- Tables and figures (with titles) should be submitted on pages separate from text.
- Short papers should follow the following format:
 - Title, author and author affiliation(s)
 - Abstract (limit 250 words)
 - Introduction
 - Methods
 - Results and Discussion
 - References
- References should be formatted according to the following [instruction to authors for the *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*](#):

CJFAS General Guidelines on References

References should be selected judiciously and largely restricted to significant, published literature. The names of serials are abbreviated in the form given in *Chemical Abstracts Service Source Index (CASSI)* (Chemical Abstracts Service, 2540 Olentangy River Road, P.O. Box 3012, Columbus, OH 43210-0012, USA) or in *BIOSIS Serial Sources* (BIOSIS, 2100 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1399, USA). Inclusion of issue numbers is encouraged. These should be placed in parentheses after the volume number.

The author is responsible for verifying each reference against the original article. Each reference must be cited in the text using the surnames of the authors and the year, for example, (Walpole 1985) or Green and Brown (1990). Depending on the sentence construction, the names may or may not be in parentheses, but the year always is. If there are three or more authors, the citation should give the name of the first author followed by et al. (e.g., Green et al. 1991). If references occur that are not uniquely identified by the authors' names and year, use a, b, c, etc., after the year, for example, Green 1983a, 1983b; Green and Brown 1988a, 1988b, for the text citation and in the reference list.

Uniform reference locators (URLs) or digital object identifiers (DOIs) are useful in locating references on the Web, and authors are encouraged to include these; they should be added to the reference in the reference list (see examples below).

The following bibliographic citations illustrate the punctuation, style, and abbreviations for references.

Journal article with DOI:

Newbury, M.G., and Ashworth, A.C. 2004. A fossil record of colonization and response of lacustrine fish populations to climate change. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* **61**(10): 1807–1816. doi:10.1139/F04-113.

Journal article with URL:

Newbury, M.G., and Ashworth, A.C. 2004. A fossil record of colonization and response of lacustrine fish populations to climate change. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* **61**(10): 1807–1816. Available from http://pubs.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/cgi-bin/rp/rp2_abst_e?cjfas_f04-113_61_ns_nf [accessed 28 October 2005].

Journal article available online only (with DOI):

van der Sanden, J.J., and Hoekman, D.H. 2005. Review of relationships between grey-tone co-occurrence, semivariance, and autocorrelation based image texture analysis approaches [online]. *Can. J. Remote Sens.* **31**(3): 207–213. doi:10.1139/rs03-011.

Entire issue of journal:

Gordon, D.C., Jr., and Hourston, A.S. (*Editors*). 1983. Proceedings of the Symposium on the Dynamics of Turbid Coastal Environments. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* **40**(Suppl. 1).

Report:

Sanders, W.W., Jr., and Elleby, H.A. 1970. Distribution of wheel loads in highway bridges. National Cooperative Highway Research Program Report 83, Transportation Research Board, National Research Council, Washington, D.C.

Book:

Williams, R.A. 1987. Communication systems analysis and design. Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J.

Book in a series:

Scott, W.B., and Crossman, E.J. 1973. Freshwater fishes of Canada. Bull. Fish. Res. Board Can. No. 184.

Part of book:

Healey, M.C. 1980. The ecology of juvenile salmon in Georgia Strait, British Columbia. *In* Salmonid ecosystems of the North Pacific. *Edited by* W.J. McNeil and D.C. Himsworth. Oregon State University Press, Corvallis, Oreg. pp. 203–229.

Paper in conference proceedings:

Kemp, A.L.W. 1969. Organic matter in the sediments of Lakes Ontario and Erie. *In* Proceedings of the 12th Conference on Great Lakes Research, Ann Arbor, Mich., 5–7 May 1969. International Association for Great Lakes Research, Ann Arbor, Mich. pp. 237–249.

Institutional publications and pamphlets:

Dzikowski, P.A., Kirby, G., Read, G., and Richards, W.G. 1984. The climate for agriculture in Atlantic Canada. Available from the Atlantic Advisory Committee on Agrometeorology, Halifax, N.S. Publ. ACA 84-2-500. Agdex No. 070.

Corporate author:

American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation. 1975. Standard methods for the examination of water and wastewater. 14th ed. American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation, Washington, D.C.

Thesis:

Keller, C.P. 1987. The role of polysaccharidases in acid wall loosening of epidermal tissue from young *Phaseolus vulgaris* L. hypocotyls. M.Sc. thesis, Department of Botany, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.

Web site citation:

Quinion, M.B. 1998. Citing online sources: advice on online citation formats [online]. Available from <http://worldwidewords.org/articles/citation.htm> [accessed 20 October 2005].

Translation:

Koike, A., and Ogura, B. 1977. Selectivity of meshes and entrances of shrimp traps and crab traps. *J. Tokyo Univ. Fish.* 64: 1–11. [Translated from Japanese by Can. Transl. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 4950, 1983.]